



# Relationships & Sex Education (RSE) Policy

Policy Leader	<b>Mrs J Torbett</b>
PSHE Governor / Chair of Governors	<b>Mr S Whittaker</b>
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## **1. Aims & Background**

The aims of relationships and sex education (RSE) at our school are to:

- Provide a framework in which sensitive discussions can take place

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- Prepare pupils for puberty, and give them an understanding of sexual development and the importance of health and hygiene
- Help pupils develop feelings of self-respect, confidence and empathy
- Create a positive culture around issues of sexuality and relationships
- Teach pupils the correct vocabulary to describe themselves and their bodies
- Develop confidence in talking, listening and thinking about feelings and relationships
- Allow pupils to understand about the range of relationships, including the importance of family for the care and support of children
- Teach pupils how they can protect themselves and ask for help and support

The Education Act 2002 sets out the statutory duties which all schools, are required to meet:

‘Every state-funded school must offer a curriculum which is balanced and broadly based and which:

- promotes the spiritual, moral, cultural, mental and physical development of pupils at the school and of society
- prepares pupils at the school for the opportunities, responsibilities and experiences of later life’

The DfE released statutory guidance in June 2019 under sections 34 and 35 of the Children and Social Work Act 2017. The guidance covers Relationships and Sex Education (RSE), Relationships Education and Health Education.

Schools must ensure that they comply with the relevant provisions of the Equality Act 2010, under which sexual orientation and gender reassignment are amongst the protected characteristics.

## 2. Statutory requirements

As a maintained primary school, we must provide relationships education to all pupils under section 34 of the [Children and Social Work Act 2017](#).

We are not required to provide sex education, but we do need to teach the elements of sex education contained in the science curriculum.

In teaching RSE, we must have regard to [guidance](#) issued by the secretary of state, as outlined in section 403 of the [Education Act 1996](#).

We must also have regard to our legal duties set out in:

- Sections 406 and 407 of the Education Act 1996
- Part 6, chapter 1 of the [Equality Act 2010](#)
- The Public Sector Equality Duty (as set out in section 149 of the Equality Act 2010). This duty requires public bodies to have due regard to the need to eliminate discrimination, advance equality of opportunity and foster good relations between different people when carrying out their activities

At Moss Side Primary School, we teach RSE as set out in this policy.

## 3. Policy development

This policy has been developed in consultation with staff, pupils and parents/carers. The consultation and policy development process involved the following steps:



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1. Review – Mrs J Torbett (PSHE/RSE Subject Lead) pulled together all relevant information including relevant national and local guidance
2. Staff consultation – all school staff were given the opportunity to look at the policy and make recommendations
3. Parent/stakeholder consultation – parents/carers and any interested parties were invited to share feedback
4. Pupil consultation – we investigated what exactly pupils want from their RSE through pupil voice groups
5. Ratification – once amendments were made, the policy was shared with governors and ratified

### 4. Definition

RSE is about the emotional, social and cultural development of pupils, and involves learning about relationships, healthy lifestyles, diversity and personal identity. In Year 6, children are taught about conception.

RSE involves a combination of sharing information, and exploring issues and values.

RSE is not about the promotion of sexual activity.

### 5. Curriculum

Our RSE curriculum is set out as per Appendix 1, but we may need to adapt it as and when necessary.

We have developed the curriculum in consultation with parents/carers, pupils and staff, and taking into account the age, developmental stage, needs and feelings of our pupils. If pupils ask questions outside the scope of this policy, teachers will respond in an appropriate manner so that pupils are fully informed and don't seek answers online.

We will share all curriculum materials with parents and carers upon request.

Primary sex education will focus on:

- Preparing boys and girls for the changes that adolescence brings

At Moss Side we teach some aspects of sex education that otherwise would not be covered in the science curriculum:

- How a baby is conceived and born (Year 6)
- Adult Sexuality (Year 6)

For more information about our curriculum, see our curriculum map in Appendix 1.

### 6. Delivery of RSE

RSE is taught within the personal, social, health and economic (PSHE) education curriculum. RSE is taught using the 1Decision curriculum resources. Biological aspects of RSE are taught within the science curriculum.

Some single-sex grouping may take place. Pupils with special educational needs are included in RSE. Where appropriate the contents and delivery of the curriculum will be modified to meet individual needs.

Relationships education focuses on teaching the fundamental building blocks and characteristics of positive relationships including:

- Families and people who care for me
- Caring friendships
- Respectful relationships
- Online relationships
- Being safe

Conception is covered in Year 6 as part of the Relationships: Growing & Changing Unit.

For more information about our RSE curriculum, see Appendices 1 and 2.

These areas of learning are taught within the context of family life, taking care to make sure that there is no stigmatisation of children based on their home circumstances (families can include single parent families, LGBT parents, families headed by grandparents, adoptive parents and foster parents/carers, amongst other structures), along with reflecting sensitively that some children may have a different structure of support around them (for example, looked-after children or young carers).

We will also be mindful of the law and legal requirements, taking care not to condone or encourage illegal political activity, such as violent action against people, criminal damage to property, hate crime, terrorism or the illegal use of drugs.

### 6.1 Inclusivity

We will teach about these topics in a manner that:

- Considers how a diverse range of pupils will relate to them
- Is sensitive to all pupils' experiences
- During lessons, makes pupils feel:
  - Safe and supported
  - Able to engage with the key messages

We will also:

- Make sure that pupils learn about these topics in an environment that's appropriate for them, for example in:
  - A whole-class setting
  - Small groups or targeted sessions (including single sex or carefully selected groupings where required)
  - 1-to-1 discussions
  - Digital formats
- Give careful consideration to the level of differentiation needed

### 6.2 Use of resources

We **will** consider whether any resources we plan to use:

- Are aligned with the teaching requirements set out in the statutory RSE guidance
- Would support pupils in applying their knowledge in different contexts and settings
- Are age-appropriate, given the age, developmental stage and background of our pupils
- Are evidence-based and contain robust facts and statistics



- Fit into our curriculum plan
- Are from credible sources
- Are compatible with effective teaching approaches
- Are sensitive to pupils' experiences and won't provoke distress

## **7. Use of external organisations and materials**

Our school uses the 1Decision Scheme to deliver PSHE & RSE. In addition we may use other resources that support teaching as required (such as the Lilets Period campaign presentations).

We will make sure that an agency and any materials used are appropriate and in line with our legal duties around political impartiality.

The school remains responsible for what is said to pupils. This includes making sure that any speakers, tools and resources used don't undermine the fundamental British values of democracy, the rule of law, individual liberty, and mutual respect and tolerance of those with different faiths and beliefs.

We **will**:

- Make appropriate checks and engage with external agencies to make sure that their approach to teaching about RSE is balanced, and it and the resources they intend to use:
  - Are age-appropriate
  - Are in line with pupils' developmental stage
  - Comply with:
    - This policy
    - The [Teachers' Standards](#)
    - The [Equality Act 2010](#)
    - The [Human Rights Act 1998](#)
    - The [Education Act 1996](#)
- Only work with external agencies where we have full confidence in the agency, its approach and the resources it uses
- Make sure that any speakers and resources meet the intended outcome of the relevant part of the curriculum
- Review any case study materials and look for feedback from other people the agency has worked with
- Be clear on:
  - What they're going to say
  - Their position on the issues to be discussed
- Ask to see in advance any materials that the agency may use
- Know the named individuals who will be there, and follow our usual safeguarding procedures for these people
- Conduct a basic online search and address anything that may be of concern to us, or to parents and carers
- Check the agency's protocol for taking pictures or using any personal data they might get from a session
- Remind teachers that they can say "no" or, in extreme cases, stop a session
- Make sure that the teacher is in the room during any sessions with external speakers

- Share all external materials with parents and carers

We **won't**, under any circumstances:

- Work with external agencies that take or promote extreme political positions
- Use materials produced by such agencies, even if the material itself is not extreme

## **8. Roles and responsibilities**

### **8.1 The governing board**

The governing board will approve the RSE policy, and hold the headteacher and PSHE/RSE Lead to account for its implementation.

### **8.2 The headteacher & PSHE/RSE Lead**

The headteacher and PSHE/RSE Lead are responsible for ensuring that RSE is taught consistently across the school, for sharing resources and materials with parents and carers, and for managing requests to withdraw pupils from non-statutory/non-science components of RSE (see section 9).

### **8.3 Staff**

Teachers delivering RSE will use a variety of teaching methods including establishing ground rules, being able to answer unexpected questions, using appropriate materials and encouraging reflection.

Staff are responsible for:

- Delivering RSE in a sensitive way
- Modelling positive attitudes to RSE
- Monitoring progress
- Responding to the needs of individual pupils
- Responding appropriately to pupils whose parents/carers wish them to be withdrawn from the non-statutory/non-science components of RSE

Staff do not have the right to opt out of teaching RSE. Staff who have concerns about teaching RSE are encouraged to discuss this with the headteacher. All staff are involved in the delivery of some aspects of the RSE curriculum.

### **8.4 Pupils**

Pupils are expected to engage fully in RSE and, when discussing issues related to RSE, treat others with respect and sensitivity.

## **9. Parents' right to withdraw**

Parents/carers do not have the right to withdraw their child from relationships education.

Parents/carers have the right to withdraw their child from the non-statutory/non-science components of sex education within RSE.

Requests for withdrawal should be put in writing using the form found in Appendix 3 of this policy and addressed to the headteacher.

Alternative school work will be given to pupils who are withdrawn from sex education.

A copy of withdrawal requests will be placed in the pupil's educational record. The headteacher will discuss the request with parents/carers and take appropriate action.



## **10. Training**

Staff are trained on the delivery of RSE, appropriate to their year group, as part of any new class induction with the subject leader. It is included in our continuing professional development calendar.

The headteacher will also invite visitors from outside the school, such as school nurses or sexual health professionals, to provide support and training to staff teaching RSE.

## **11. Monitoring arrangements**

The delivery of RSE is monitored by Jaclyn Torbett (PSHE Lead/ Assistant Headteacher) through:

Staff meeting check-ins learning walks/ book scrutinise/ pupil voice interviews.

Pupils' development in RSE is monitored by class teachers as part of our internal assessment systems.

This policy will be reviewed by Jaclyn Torbett (PSHE Lead/ Assistant Headteacher). The policy will be reviewed annually. At every review, the policy will be approved by the Headteacher. 6



Appendix 1: Curriculum Map

**PSHE – Curriculum Mapping**



Special Week	Life Education Unit	Sport/Comic Relief	Holocaust Week Special Week	Remembrance Day Anti-Bullying Week	Harvest	Years 1 & 2 Assessment/ Baseline		Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
	<b>+ First Aid</b>					 Autumn 1 <b>Being Responsible</b>	Road Safety	Scout Safe SRBC Community talk	Swimming	Safer Cycling Police (Online Safety) Girls' Puberty Talk	SRBC community talk Fire Service
	Summer 1 <b>Keeping/Staying Safe</b> <b>Feeling &amp; Emotions</b>	Spring 2 <b>Computer Safety</b>	Spring 1 <b>Relationships Growing &amp; Changing</b>	Autumn 2 <b>A World without Judgement/ Hazard Watch Fire Safety</b>			Friends makes perfect Helping someone in need <b>Water Spillage</b>	Fire Service Road Safety <b>Years 1 &amp; 2 a b</b> Assessment/ Baseline	Stealing	Coming home on time <b>Breaking down barriers</b>	<b>Looking out for others</b> Inclusion and acceptance
	Summer 2 <b>Keeping/Staying Healthy</b> <b>Our World/ The Working World</b>	Online Bullying	Friendship	Is it safe to eat or drink? Hoax Calling	Is it safe to play with? Petty Arson	Friends <b>Practice makes perfect</b> Helping someone in need	Touch	Revision/ Assessment/ Texting while driving Fire station visit	<b>Looking out for others</b>	<b>Looking out for others</b>	<b>Stealing</b>
	Road Safety Jealousy Anger	Image Sharing	Bullying	Is it safe to play with? Petty Arson	Is it safe to play with? Petty Arson	Friends makes perfect Helping someone in need	Making friends online Computer Safety Documentary	Revision/ Assessment/ Texting while driving Fire station visit	Appropriate Touch (Relationships)	Puberty	Conception
	Tying Shoe Laces Worry	Body Language	Bullying	Is it safe to play with? Petty Arson	Is it safe to play with? Petty Arson	Friends makes perfect Helping someone in need	Touch	Revision/ Assessment/ Texting while driving Fire station visit	Online bullying	Image sharing	Making friends online
	Washing hands Brushing Teeth	Image Sharing	Bullying	Is it safe to play with? Petty Arson	Is it safe to play with? Petty Arson	Friends makes perfect Helping someone in need	Touch	Revision/ Assessment/ Texting while driving Fire station visit	Appropriate Touch (Relationships)	Puberty	Conception
	Living in Our World	Image Sharing	Bullying	Is it safe to play with? Petty Arson	Is it safe to play with? Petty Arson	Friends makes perfect Helping someone in need	Touch	Revision/ Assessment/ Texting while driving Fire station visit	Appropriate Touch (Relationships)	Puberty	Conception
	Working in Our World Looking after Our World	Image Sharing	Bullying	Is it safe to play with? Petty Arson	Is it safe to play with? Petty Arson	Friends makes perfect Helping someone in need	Touch	Revision/ Assessment/ Texting while driving Fire station visit	Appropriate Touch (Relationships)	Puberty	Conception
	Medicine	Image Sharing	Bullying	Is it safe to play with? Petty Arson	Is it safe to play with? Petty Arson	Friends makes perfect Helping someone in need	Touch	Revision/ Assessment/ Texting while driving Fire station visit	Appropriate Touch (Relationships)	Puberty	Conception
	Staying Safe Leaning out of windows Grief	Image Sharing	Bullying	Is it safe to play with? Petty Arson	Is it safe to play with? Petty Arson	Friends makes perfect Helping someone in need	Touch	Revision/ Assessment/ Texting while driving Fire station visit	Appropriate Touch (Relationships)	Puberty	Conception
	Water Safety Jealousy	Image Sharing	Bullying	Is it safe to play with? Petty Arson	Is it safe to play with? Petty Arson	Friends makes perfect Helping someone in need	Touch	Revision/ Assessment/ Texting while driving Fire station visit	Appropriate Touch (Relationships)	Puberty	Conception
	Cycle Safety Anger	Image Sharing	Bullying	Is it safe to play with? Petty Arson	Is it safe to play with? Petty Arson	Friends makes perfect Helping someone in need	Touch	Revision/ Assessment/ Texting while driving Fire station visit	Appropriate Touch (Relationships)	Puberty	Conception
	Healthy living Chores at home	Image Sharing	Bullying	Is it safe to play with? Petty Arson	Is it safe to play with? Petty Arson	Friends makes perfect Helping someone in need	Touch	Revision/ Assessment/ Texting while driving Fire station visit	Appropriate Touch (Relationships)	Puberty	Conception
	Smoking Enterprise	Image Sharing	Bullying	Is it safe to play with? Petty Arson	Is it safe to play with? Petty Arson	Friends makes perfect Helping someone in need	Touch	Revision/ Assessment/ Texting while driving Fire station visit	Appropriate Touch (Relationships)	Puberty	Conception
	Alcohol In-App Purchases	Image Sharing	Bullying	Is it safe to play with? Petty Arson	Is it safe to play with? Petty Arson	Friends makes perfect Helping someone in need	Touch	Revision/ Assessment/ Texting while driving Fire station visit	Appropriate Touch (Relationships)	Puberty	Conception
	Peer Pressure Worry	Image Sharing	Bullying	Is it safe to play with? Petty Arson	Is it safe to play with? Petty Arson	Friends makes perfect Helping someone in need	Touch	Revision/ Assessment/ Texting while driving Fire station visit	Appropriate Touch (Relationships)	Puberty	Conception
	Assessment - Summative	Image Sharing	Bullying	Is it safe to play with? Petty Arson	Is it safe to play with? Petty Arson	Friends makes perfect Helping someone in need	Touch	Revision/ Assessment/ Texting while driving Fire station visit	Appropriate Touch (Relationships)	Puberty	Conception
	Assessment - Baseline	Image Sharing	Bullying	Is it safe to play with? Petty Arson	Is it safe to play with? Petty Arson	Friends makes perfect Helping someone in need	Touch	Revision/ Assessment/ Texting while driving Fire station visit	Appropriate Touch (Relationships)	Puberty	Conception
	Assessment - Summative	Image Sharing	Bullying	Is it safe to play with? Petty Arson	Is it safe to play with? Petty Arson	Friends makes perfect Helping someone in need	Touch	Revision/ Assessment/ Texting while driving Fire station visit	Appropriate Touch (Relationships)	Puberty	Conception





Appendix 2: By the end of primary school pupils should know

TOPIC	PUPILS SHOULD KNOW
Families and people who care about me	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• That families are important for children growing up because they can give love, security and stability</li><li>• The characteristics of healthy family life, commitment to each other, including in times of difficulty, protection and care for children and other family members, the importance of spending time together and sharing each other's lives</li><li>• That others' families, either in school or in the wider world, sometimes look different from their family, but that they should respect those differences and know that other children's families are also characterised by love and care</li><li>• That stable, caring relationships, which may be of different types, are at the heart of happy families, and are important for children's security as they grow up</li><li>• That marriage represents a formal and legally recognised commitment of two people to each other which is intended to be lifelong</li><li>• How to recognise if family relationships are making them feel unhappy or unsafe, and how to seek help or advice from others if needed</li></ul>
Caring friendships	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• How important friendships are in making us feel happy and secure, and how people choose and make friends</li><li>• The characteristics of friendships, including mutual respect, truthfulness, trustworthiness, loyalty, kindness, generosity, trust, sharing interests and experiences and support with problems and difficulties</li><li>• That healthy friendships are positive and welcoming towards others, and do not make others feel lonely or excluded</li><li>• That most friendships have ups and downs, and that these can often be worked through so that the friendship is repaired or even strengthened, and that resorting to violence is never right</li><li>• How to recognise who to trust and who not to trust, how to judge when a friendship is making them feel unhappy or uncomfortable, managing conflict, how to manage these situations and how to seek help or advice from others, if needed</li></ul>



TOPIC	PUPILS SHOULD KNOW
Respectful relationships	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• The importance of respecting others, even when they are very different from them (for example, physically, in character, personality or backgrounds), or make different choices or have different preferences or beliefs</li><li>• Practical steps they can take in a range of different contexts to improve or support respectful relationships</li><li>• The conventions of courtesy and manners</li><li>• The importance of self-respect and how this links to their own happiness</li><li>• That in school and in wider society they can expect to be treated with respect by others, and that in turn they should show due respect to others, including those in positions of authority</li><li>• About different types of bullying (including cyberbullying), the impact of bullying, responsibilities of bystanders (primarily reporting bullying to an adult) and how to get help</li><li>• What a stereotype is, and how stereotypes can be unfair, negative or destructive</li><li>• The importance of permission-seeking and giving in relationships with friends, peers and adults</li></ul>
Online relationships	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• That people sometimes behave differently online, including by pretending to be someone they are not</li><li>• That the same principles apply to online relationships as to face-to face relationships, including the importance of respect for others online including when we are anonymous</li><li>• The rules and principles for keeping safe online, how to recognise risks, harmful content and contact, and how to report them</li><li>• How to critically consider their online friendships and sources of information including awareness of the risks associated with people they have never met</li><li>• How information and data is shared and used online</li></ul>
Being safe	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• What sorts of boundaries are appropriate in friendships with peers and others (including in a digital context)</li><li>• About the concept of privacy and the implications of it for both children and adults; including that it is not always right to keep secrets if they relate to being safe</li><li>• That each person's body belongs to them, and the differences between appropriate and inappropriate or unsafe physical, and other, contact</li><li>• How to respond safely and appropriately to adults they may encounter (in all contexts, including online) whom they do not know</li><li>• How to recognise and report feelings of being unsafe or feeling bad about any adult</li><li>• How to ask for advice or help for themselves or others, and to keep trying until they are heard</li><li>• How to report concerns or abuse, and the vocabulary and confidence needed to do so</li><li>• Where to get advice e.g. family, school and/or other sources</li></ul>



Appendix 3: Parent/carer form: withdrawal from sex education within RSE

TO BE COMPLETED BY PARENTS/CARERS			
Name of child		Class	
Name of parent/carer		Date	
Reason for withdrawing from sex education within relationships and sex education			
Any other information you would like the school to consider			



**TO BE COMPLETED BY PARENTS/CARERS**

Parent  
signature

**TO BE COMPLETED BY THE SCHOOL**

Agreed actions  
from discussion  
with  
parents/carers